G15 Subjunctive

These are two structures found mainly in formal English. The **present subjunctive** appears mostly in official statements and **inversion** is mainly used in written texts.

Subjunctive

- a) Present subjunctive
- 1. Verwendung
 - The form of the **present subjunctive** is the same for all persons.
 - It is identical with the infinitive.
 - It is mainly used in **that-clauses** after verbs expressing demand or suggestions (*recommend*, *request*, *demand*, *decide*, *suggest*, *etc.*) and in few phrases that express a wish.

2. Beispiele

- → In case of complaint, we recommend that the customer contact Customer Services.
- → British politicians insist that strict laws be made to confront climate change.
- → We'll support you, come what may.
- → God save the Queen.

b) Were-subjunctive

1. Verwendung

- After I wish, if only, as though, it's (high) time the subjunctive form were is often used instead of
 was.
- It expresses a wish that is unlikely to be fulfilled.

2. Beispiele

- → I wish I were/was better at volleyball.
- → If only my back were/was stronger.
- → I remember the match as thought it were/was yesterday.